

DR. BABASAHEB AMBEDKAR TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, LONERE

Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar Technological University
(Established as a University of Technology in the State of Maharashtra)
(under Maharashtra Act No. XXIX of 2014)
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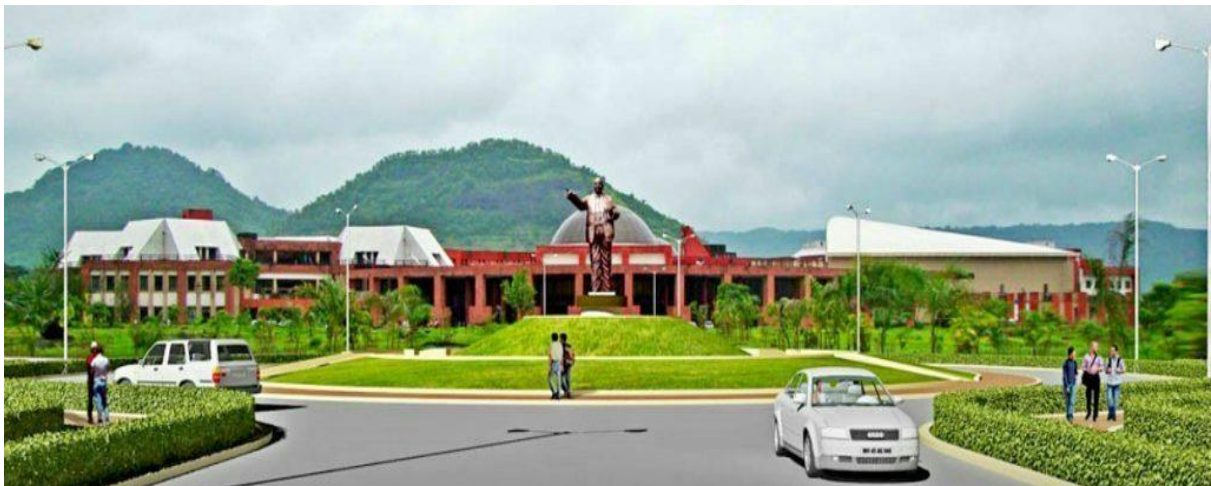
COURSE STRUCTURE AND SYLLABUS

For

Second Year

B. Tech. EXTC, EC AND EC (SANDWICH)

With effect from the Academic Year 2021-2022



Rules and Regulations

1. The normal duration of the course leading to B.Tech degree will be EIGHT semesters.
2. The normal duration of the course leading to M.Tech. degree will be FOUR semesters.
3. Each academic year shall be divided into 2 semesters, each of 20 weeks duration, including evaluation and grade finalization, etc. The Academic Session in each semester shall provide for at least 90 Teaching Days, with at least 40 hours of teaching contact periods in a five to six days session per week. The semester that is typically from Mid-July to November is called the ODD SEMESTER, and the one that is from January to Mid-May is called the EVEN SEMESTER. Academic Session may be scheduled for the Summer Session/Semester as well. For 1st year B. Tech and M. Tech the schedule will be decided as per the admission schedule declared by Government of Maharashtra.
4. The schedule of academic activities for a Semester, including the dates of registration, mid-semester examination, end-semester examination, inter-semester vacation, etc. shall be referred to as the Academic Calendar of the Semester, which shall be prepared by the Dean (Academic), and announced at least TWO weeks before the Closing Date of the previous Semester.
5. The Academic Calendar must be strictly adhered to, and all other activities including co-curricular and/or extra-curricular activities must be scheduled so as not to interfere with the Curricular Activities as stipulated in the Academic Calendar.

REGISTRATION:

1. Lower and Upper Limits for Course Credits Registered in a Semester, by a Full-Time Student of a UG/PG Programme:
A full time student of a particular UG/PG programme shall register for the appropriate number of course credits in each semester/session that is within the minimum and maximum limits specific to that UG/PG programme as stipulated in the specific Regulations pertaining to that UG/PG programme.
2. Mandatory Pre-Registration for higher semesters:
In order to facilitate proper planning of the academic activities of a semester, it is essential for the every institute to inform to Dean (Academics) and COE regarding details of total no. of electives offered (Course-wise) along with the number of students opted for the same. This information should be submitted within two weeks from the date of commencement of the semester as per academic calendar.
3. PhD students can register for any of PG/PhD courses and the corresponding rules of evaluation will apply.
4. Under Graduate students may be permitted to register for a few selected Post Graduate courses, in exceptionally rare circumstances, only if the DUGC/DPGC is convinced of the level of the academic achievement and the potential in a student.

Course Pre-Requisites:

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1. In order to register for some courses, it may be required either to have exposure in, or to have completed satisfactorily, or to have prior earned credits in, some specified courses.
2. Students who do not register on the day announced for the purpose may be permitted LATE REGISTRATION up to the notified day in academic calendar on payment of late fee.
3. REGISTRATION IN ABSENTIA will be allowed only in exceptional cases with the approval of the Dean (Academic) / Principal.
4. A student will be permitted to register in the next semester only if he fulfills the following conditions:
 - (a) Satisfied all the Academic Requirements to continue with the programme of Studies without termination
 - (b) Cleared all Institute, Hostel and Library dues and fines (if any) of the previous semesters;
 - (c) Paid all required advance payments of the Institute and hostel for the current semester;
 - (d) Not been debarred from registering on any specific ground by the Institute.

EVALUATION SYSTEM:

1. Absolute grading system based on absolute marks as indicated below has been implemented from academic year 2019-20, starting from I year B.Tech.

Percentage of marks	Letter grade	Grade point
91-100	EX	10.0
86-90	AA	9.0
81-85	AB	8.5
76-80	BB	8.0
71-75	BC	7.5
66-70	CC	7.0
61-65	CD	6.5
56-60	DD	6.0
51-55	DE	5.5
40-50	EE	5.0
<40	EF	0.0

2. Class is awarded based on CGPA of all eight semester of B.Tech Program.

CGPA for pass is minimum 5.0	
CGPA upto <5.50	Pass class
CGPA \geq 5.50 & <6.00	Second Class
CGPA \geq 6.00 & <7.50	First Class
CGPA \geq 7.50	Distinction
[Percentage of Marks =CGPA*10.0]	

3. A total of 100 Marks for each theory course are distributed as follows:

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	MidSemester Exam (MSE) Marks	20
	ContinuousAssesment Marks	20
	End SemesterExamination(ESE)Marks	60

4.A total of 100 Marks for each practical course are distributed as follows:

1.	Continuous Assesment Marks	60
2.	End Semester Examination (ESE)Marks	40

It is mandatory for every student of B.Tech to score a minimum of 40 marks out of 100, with a minimum of 20 marks out of 60 marks in End Semester Examination for theory course.

This has been implemented from the first year of B.Tech starting from Academic Year 2019-20

5. Description of Grades:

EX Grade: An 'EX' grade stands for outstanding achievement.

EE Grade: The 'EE' grade stands for minimum passing grade.

The students may appear for the remedial examination for the subjects he/she failed for the current semester of admission only and his/her performance will be awarded with EE grade only.

If any of the student remain Absent for the regular examination due to genuine reason and the same will be verified and tested by the Dean (Academics) or committee constituted by the University Authority.

FF Grade: The 'FF' grade denotes very poor performance, i.e. failure in a course due to poor performance .The students who have been awarded 'FF' grade in a course in any semester must repeat the subject in next semester.

6. Evaluation of Performance:

1. Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) and Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA)

(A) Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) The performance of a student in a semester is indicated by Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) which is a weighted average of the grade points obtained in all the courses taken by the student in the semester and scaled to a maximum of 10. (SGPI is to be calculated up to two decimal places). A Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) will be computed for each semester as follows:

$$SGPA = \frac{[\sum_{i=1}^n c_i g_i]}{[\sum_{i=1}^n c_i]}$$

Where

'n' is the number of subjects for the semester,

'ci' is the number of credits allotted to a particular subject, and

'gi' is the grade-points awarded to the student for the subject based on his performance as per the above table.

-SGPA will be rounded off to the second place of decimal and recorded as such.

(B) Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA): An up to date assessment of the overall performance of a student from the time he entered the Institute is obtained by calculating Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) of a student. The CGPA is weighted average of the grade points obtained in all the courses registered by the student since s/he entered the Institute. CGPA is also calculated at the end of every semester (upto two decimal places). Starting from the first semester at the end of each semester (S), a Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) will be computed as follows:

$$CGPA = \frac{[\sum_{i=1}^m c_i g_i]}{[\sum_{i=1}^m c_i]}$$

Where

'm' is the total number of subjects from the first semester onwards up to and including the semester S,

'ci' is the number of credits allotted to a particular subject, and

'gi' is the grade-points awarded to the student for the subject based on his/her performance as per the above table.

-CGPA will be rounded off to the second place of decimal and recorded as such.

Award of Degree of Honours

Major Degree

The concept of Major and Minors at B.Tech level is introduced, to enhance learning skills of students, acquisition of additional knowledge in domains other than the discipline being pursued by the student, to make the students better employable with additional knowledge and encourage students to pursue cross-discipline research.

A. Eligibility Criteria for Majors

1. The Student should have Minimum CGPA of 7.5 up to 4th Semester
2. Student willing to opt for majors has to register at the beginning of 5th Semester
3. The Student has to complete 5 additional advanced courses from the same discipline specified in the curriculum. These five courses should be of 4 credits each amounting to 20 credits. The students should complete these credits before the end of last semester.
4. Student may opt for the courses from NPTEL/ SWAYAM platform. (if the credits of NPTEL/ SWAYAM courses do not match with the existing subject proper scaling will be done)

Student complying with these criteria will be awarded B.Tech (Honours) Degree.

B. Eligibility Criteria for Minors

1. The Student should have Minimum CGPA of 7.5 up to 4th Semester
2. Student willing to opt for minors has to register at the beginning of 5th Semester
3. The Student has to complete 5 additional courses from other discipline of their interest, which are specified in the respective discipline. These five courses should be of 4 credits each amounting to 20 credits.
4. Student may opt for the courses from NPTEL/ SWAYAM platform. (if the credits of NPTEL/ SWAYAM courses do not match with the existing subject proper scaling will be done)

Student complying with these criteria will be awarded with B.Tech Degree in ----- Engineering with Minor in ----- --Engineering.

(For e.g.: B. Tech in Civil Engineering with Minor in Computer Engineering)

For applying for Honours and Minor Degree the student has to register themselves through the proper system.

ATTENDANCE REQUIREMENTS:

1. All students must attend every lecture, tutorial and practical classes.
2. To account for approved leave of absence (eg. representing the Institute in sports, games or athletics; placement activities; NCC/NSS activities; etc.) and/or any other such contingencies like medical emergencies, etc., the attendance requirement shall be a minimum of 75% of the classes actually conducted.

If the student failed to maintain 75% attendance, he/she will be detained for appearing the successive examination.

The Dean (Academics)/ Principal is permitted to give 10% concession for the genuine reasons as such the case may be.

In any case the student will not be permitted for appearing the examination if the attendance is less than 65%.

3. The course instructor handling a course must finalize the attendance 3 calendar days before the last day of classes in the current semester and communicate clearly to the students by displaying prominently in the department and also in report writing to the head of the department concerned.
4. The attendance records are to be maintained by the course instructor and he shall show it to the student, if and when required.

TRANSFER OF CREDITS

The courses credited elsewhere, in Indian or foreign University/Institutions/ Colleges/Swayam Courses by students during their study period at DBATU may count towards the credit requirements for the award of degree. The guidelines for such transfer of credits are as follows:

- a) 20 % of the total credit will be considered for respective calculations.
- b) Credits transferred will be considered for overall credits requirements of the programme.
- c) Credits transfer can be considered only for the course at same level i.e UG, PG etc.
- d) A student must provide all details (original or attested authentic copies) such as course contents, number of contact hours, course instructor /project guide and evaluation system for the course for which he is requesting a credits transfer. He shall also provide the approval or acceptance letter from the other side. These details will be

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evaluated by the concerned Board of Studies before giving approval. The Board of Studies will then decide the number of equivalent credits the student will get for such course(s) in DBATU. The complete details will then be forwarded to Dean for approval.

- e) A student has to get minimum passing grades/ marks for such courses for which the credits transfers are to be made.
- f) Credits transfers availed by a student shall be properly recorded on academic record(s) of the student.
- g) In exceptional cases, the students may opt for higher credits than the prescribed.

Bachelor of Technology in Electronics and Telecommunication Engineering

Basic Science Course (BSC)

BTBS101	Engineering Mathematics - I	(3-1-0)4
BTBS102	Engineering Physics	(3-1-0)4
BTBS107L	Engineering Physics Lab	(0-0-2)1
BTBS201	Engineering Mathematics - II	(3-1-0)4
BTBS202	Engineering Chemistry	(3-1-0)4
BTBS207L	Engineering Chemistry Lab	(0-0-2)1
BTBS301	Engineering Mathematics - III	(3-1-0)4
BTBS404	Probability Theory and Random Processes	(3-0-0)3

Engineering Science Course (ESC)

BTES103	Engineering Graphics	(2-0-0)2
BTES105	Energy and Environment Engineering	(2-0-0)2
BTES106	Basic Civil and Mechanical Engineering	(2-0-0) Audit
BTES108L	Engineering Graphics Lab	(0-0-4)2
BTES203	Engineering Mechanics	(2-1-0)3
BTES204	Computer Programming	(3-0-0)3
BTES205	Workshop Practice	(0-0-4)2
BTES206	Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering	(2-0-0) Audit
BTES208L	Engineering Mechanics Lab	(0-0-2)1
BTES304	Electrical Machines and Instruments	(3-1-0)4

Humanities and Social Science including Management Courses (HSSMC)

BTHM104	Communication Skills	(2-0-0)2
BTHM109L	Communication Skills Lab	(0-0-2)1
BTHM403	Basic Human Rights	(3-0-0)3
BTHM605	Employability and Skill Development	(3-0-0)3
BTHM705	Engineering Economics and Financial Mathematics	(3-0-0)3
BTHM706	Foreign Language Studies	Audit

Professional Core Course (PCC)

BTETC302	Electronic Devices & Circuits	(3-1-0)4
BTETC303	Digital Electronics	(3-1-0)4
BTETL305	Electronic Devices & Circuits Lab	(0-0-2)1
BTETL306	Digital Electronics Lab	(0-0-2)1
BTETC401	Network Theory	(3-1-0)4
BTETC402	Signals and Systems	(3-1-0)4
BTETL406	Network Theory Lab & Signals and Systems Lab	(0-0-4)2
BTETC501	Electromagnetic Field Theory	(3-1-0)4
BTETC502	Digital Signal Processing	(3-1-0)4
BTETC503	Analog Communication	(3-1-0)4
BTETL506	Digital Signal Processing Lab & Analog Communication Lab	(0-0-4)2
BTETC601	Antennas and Wave Propagation	(3-1-0)4

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BTETC602	Digital Communication	(3-1-0)4	BTETPE702	(A) Digital Image Processing	(3-1-0)4
BTETL606	Digital Communication Lab and Professional Elective Course 3 Lab	(0-0-4)2		(B) RF Circuit Design	
BTETC701	Microwave Engineering	(3-1-0)4		(C) Satellite Communication	
BTETL707	Microwave Engineering Lab	(0-0-2)1		(D) Fiber Optic Communication	

Professional Elective Course (PEC)

BTETPE405 (A) Numerical Methods and Computer Programming (3-1-0)4

(B) Data Compression & Encryption

(C) Computer Organization and Architecture

(D) Introduction to MEMS

(E) Python Programming

BTETPE504 (A) Analog Circuits (3-1-0)4

(B) Embedded System Design

(C) Digital System Design

(D) Automotive Electronics

(E) Mixed Signal Design

(F) Power Electronics

BTETPE603 (A) Microprocessors and Microcontrollers (3-1-0)4

(B) CMOS Design

(C) Nano Electronics

(D) Advanced Digital Signal Processing

(E) Information Theory and Coding

(F) VLSI Signal Processing

(G) VLSI Design & Technology

(E) Bio-medical Signal Processing

(F) Principles of Modern Radar Engineering

Open Elective Course (OEC)

BTETOE505 (A) Control System Engineering (3-1-0)4

(B) Artificial Intelligence and Machine learning

(C) Optimization Techniques

(D) Project Management and Operation Research

(E) Augmented, Virtual and Mixed Reality

(F) Open Source Technologies

BTETOE604 (A) IoT and Industry4.0 (3-1-0)4

(B) Deep Learning

(C) Computer Network

(D) Industrial Drives and Control

(E) Robotics Design

(F) Patents and IPR

(G) Acoustic Engineering

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BTETOE703	(A) Wireless Sensor Networks (B) Block Chain Technology (C) Cyber Security (D) Mobile Computing (E) Mobile Communication and Networks (F) EMI and EMC	(3-1-0)4	BTETP608	(Internship–3)	Audit
			BTETM708	Mini Project– 3	(0-0-4)2
<hr/>					
Project (MP)					
			BTETP801	Project work /Internship	(0-0-24)12
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Minor Courses (MC)					
BTETOE704	(A) Soft Computing (B) Big Data Analytics (C) Data Structure & Algorithms Using Java Programming (D) Entrepreneurship Development (E) Software Defined Radio (F) E Waste Management	(3-1-0)4	BTETC302	Electronic Devices & Circuits	(3-1-0)4
			BTETC303	Digital Electronics	(3-1-0)4
			BTETC402	Signals and Systems	(3-1-0)4
			BTETPE603	(A) Microprocessors and Microcontrollers	(3-1-0)4
			BTETC503	Analog Communication	(3-1-0)4

Seminar/Mini Project/ Internship

BTES209S	Seminar	(0-0-2)1
BTES211P	Field Training / Internship/Industrial Training (minimum of 4 weeks which can be completed partially in first semester and second Semester or in at one time). (Internship – 1)	Audit
BTETS307	Seminar I	(0-0-4)2
BTETS407	Seminar II	(0-0-4)2
BTETP408	(Internship – 2)	Audit
BTETM507	Mini Project – 1	(0-0-4)2
BTETM607	Mini Project – 2	(0-0-4)2

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Suggested Plan of Study:

Number of Courses	Semester							
	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII
1	BTBS101	BTBS201	BTBS301	BTETC401	BTETC501	BTETC601	BTETC701	BTETP801 (Project/Internship)
2	BTBS102	BTBS202	BTETC302	BTETC402	BTETC502	BTETC602	BTETPE702 (Elective)	--
3	BTES103	BTES203	BTETC303	BTHM403	BTETC503	BTETPE603 (Elective)	BTETOE703 (Elective)	--
4	BTHM104	BTES204	BTES304	BTBS404	BTETPE504 (Elective)	BTETOE604 (Elective)	BTETOE704 (Elective)	--
5	BTES105	BTES205	BTETL305	BTETPE405 (Elective)	BTETOE505 (Elective)	BTHM605	BTHM705	--
6	BTES106	BTES206	BTETL306	BTETL406	BTETL507	BTETL606	BTHM706	--
7	BTBS107L	BTBS207L	BTETS307	BTETS407	BTETM508	BTETM607	BTETL707	--
8	BTES108L	BTES208L	BTES211P (Internship - 1 Evaluation)	BTETP408 (Internship - 2)	BTETP408 (Internship - 2 Evaluation)	BTETP608 (Internship - 3)	BTETM708	--
9	BTHM109L	BTES209S	--	--	--	--	BTETP608 (Internship - 3 Evaluation)	--
10	--	BTES211P (Internship - 1)	--	--	--	--	--	--

Degree Requirements:

<u>Category of courses</u>	<u>Minimum credits to be earned</u>
Basic Science Course (BSC)	25
Engineering Science Course (ESC)	19
Humanities and Social Science including Management Courses (HSSMC)	12
Professional Core Course (PCC)	48
Professional Elective Course (PEC)	17
Open Elective Course (OEC)	16
Seminar/Mini Project/ Internship/Major Project	23
Total	160

B. Tech in Electronics & Telecommunication Engineering

Program Educational Objectives and Outcomes

A. Program Educational Objectives (PEOs)

Graduates will be able to–

1. To equip graduates with a strong foundation in engineering sciences and Electronics & Telecommunication Engineering fundamentals to become effective collaborators, researchers and real-time problem solver with technical competencies.
2. Perceive the limitation and impact of engineering solutions in social, legal, environmental, economical and multidisciplinary contexts.
3. Excel in Industry/technical profession, higher studies, and entrepreneurship exhibiting global competitiveness.

B. Program Outcomes

Engineering Graduate will be able to –

1. **Engineering knowledge:** Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
2. **Problem analysis:** Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
3. **Design/development of solutions:** Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.
4. **Conduct investigations of complex problems:** Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
5. **Modern tool usage:** Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.
6. **The engineer and society:** Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.

7. **Environment and sustainability:** Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
8. **Ethics:** Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
9. **Individual and team work:** Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
10. **Communication:** Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
11. **Project management and finance:** Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
12. **Life-long learning:** Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

C. Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs)

1. Apply basic knowledge related to Electronic Circuits, Embedded & wireless communication Systems and Signal Processing to solve engineering/ societal problems in the field of Electronics and Telecommunication Engineering.
2. Recognize and adapt to technical developments and to engage in lifelong learning and develop consciousness for professional, social, legal and ethical responsibilities.
3. Excellent adaptability to the changing industrial and real world requirements.

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**B. Tech in Electronics & Telecommunication Engineering
Curriculum for Second Year**

Semester III

Course Category	Course Code	Course Title	Teaching Scheme			Evaluation Scheme				Credit
			L	T	P	CA	MSE	ESE	Total	
BSC	BTBS301	Engineering Mathematics – III	3	1	-	20	20	60	100	4
PCC 1	BTETC302	Electronic Devices & Circuits	3	1	-	20	20	60	100	4
PCC 2	BTETC303	Digital Electronics	3	1	-	20	20	60	100	4
ESC	BTES304	Electrical Machines and Instruments	3	1	-	20	20	60	100	4
LC	BTETL305	Electronic Devices & Circuits Lab	-	-	2	60	-	40	100	1
LC	BTETL306	Digital Electronics Lab	-	-	2	60	-	40	100	1
Seminar	BTETS307	Seminar I	-	-	4	60	-	40	100	2
Internship	BTES211P	Internship – 1 Evaluation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Audit
Total			12	4	8	260	80	360	700	20

Semester IV

Course Category	Course Code	Course Title	Teaching Scheme			Evaluation Scheme				Credit
			L	T	P	CA	MSE	ESE	Total	
PCC 3	BTETC401	Network Theory	3	1	-	20	20	60	100	4
PCC 4	BTETC402	Signals and Systems	3	1	-	20	20	60	100	4
HSSMC	BTHM403	Basic Human Rights	3	-	-	20	20	60	100	3
BSC	BTBS404	Probability Theory and Random Processes	3	-	-	20	20	60	100	3
PEC 1	BTETPE405	(A) Numerical Methods and Computer Programming	3	1	-	20	20	60	100	4
		(B) Data Compression & Encryption								
		(C) Computer Organization and Architecture								
		(D) Introduction to MEMS								
		(E) Python Programming								
LC	BTETL406	Network Theory Lab & Signals and Systems Lab	-	-	4	60	-	40	100	2
Seminar	BTETS407	Seminar II	-	-	4	60	-	40	100	2
Internship	BTETP408 (Internship – 2)	Field Training /Internship/Industrial Training (minimum of 4 weeks which can be completed partially in third semester and fourth semester or in at onetime).	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Audit (evaluation will be in V Sem.)
Total			15	3	8	220	100	380	700	22

BSC = Basic Science Course, ESC = Engineering Science Course, PCC = Professional Core Course
 PEC = Professional Elective Course, OEC = Open Elective Course, LC = Laboratory Course
 HSSMC = Humanities and Social Science including Management Courses.

Second Year B. Tech Classes (Common to all Branches)

Course Objectives:

After completion of the course, students will have adequate background, conceptual clarity and knowledge of appropriate solution techniques related to:

1. Linear differential equations of higher order using analytical methods and numerical methods applicable to Control systems and Network analysis.
2. Transforms such as Fourier transform, Laplace transform and applications to Communication systems and Signal processing.
3. Vector differentiation and integration required in Electro-magnetics and Wave theory.
4. Complex functions, conformal mappings, contour integration applicable to Electrostatics, Digital filters, Signal and Image processing.

Course Outcomes:

On completion of the course, students will be able to:

- Solve higher order linear differential equation using appropriate techniques for modeling and analyzing electrical circuits.
- Solve problems related to Fourier transform, Laplace transform and applications to Communication systems and Signal processing.
- Obtain Interpolating polynomials, numerically differentiate and integrate functions, numerical solutions of differential equations using single step and multi-step iterative methods used in modern scientific computing.
- Perform vector differentiation and integration, analyze the vector fields and apply to Electromagnetic fields.
- Analyze conformal mappings, transformations and perform contour integration of complex functions in the study of electrostatics and signal processing.

Unit 1: Laplace Transform

09 Hours

Definition – conditions for existence ; Transforms of elementary functions ; Properties of Laplace transforms - Linearity property, first shifting property, second shifting property, transforms of functions multiplied by t^n , scale change property, transforms of functions divided by t , transforms of integral of functions, transforms of derivatives ; Evaluation of integrals by using Laplace transform ; Transforms of some special functions- periodic function, Heaviside-unit step function, Dirac delta function.

Unit 2: Inverse Laplace Transform

09 Hours

Introductory remarks ; Inverse transforms of some elementary functions ; General methods of finding inverse transforms ; Partial fraction method and Convolution Theorem for finding inverse Laplace transforms ; Applications to find the solutions of linear differential equations and simultaneous linear differential equations with constant coefficients.

Unit 3: Fourier Transform

09 Hours

Definitions – integral transforms ; Fourier integral theorem (without proof) ; Fourier sine and cosine integrals ; Complex form of Fourier integrals ; Fourier sine and cosine transforms ; Properties of Fourier transforms ; Parseval's identity for Fourier Transforms.

Unit 4: Partial Differential Equations and Their Applications

09 Hours

Formation of Partial differential equations by eliminating arbitrary constants and functions; Equations solvable by direct integration; Linear equations of first order (Lagrange's linear equations); Method of separation of variables – applications to find solutions of one dimensional heat flow equation ($\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = k \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$), and one dimensional wave equation ($\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} = c^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$)

Unit 5: Functions of Complex Variables

09 Hours

Analytic functions; Cauchy- Riemann equations in Cartesian and polar forms; Harmonic functions in Cartesian form; Cauchy's integral theorem; Cauchy's integral formula; Residues; Cauchy's residue theorem (All theorems without proofs).

Text Books

1. Higher Engineering Mathematics by B. S. Grewal, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi.
2. Higher Engineering Mathematics by H. K. Das and Er. Rajnish Verma, S. Chand & CO. Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
3. A course in Engineering Mathematics (Vol III) by Dr. B. B. Singh, Synergy Knowledge ware, Mumbai.
4. Higher Engineering Mathematics by B. V. Ramana, Tata McGraw-Hill Publications, New Delhi.

Reference Books

1. Advanced Engineering Mathematics by Erwin Kreyszig, John Wiley & Sons, New York.
2. A Text Book of Engineering Mathematics by Peter O'Neil, Thomson Asia Pte Ltd. , Singapore.
3. Advanced Engineering Mathematics by C. R. Wylie & L. C. Barrett, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd., New Delhi.
4. Integral Transforms and their Engineering Applications by Dr. B. B. Singh, Synergy Knowledge ware, Mumbai.
5. Integral Transforms by I. N. Sneddon, Tata McGraw-Hill , New York.

General Instructions:

1. The tutorial classes in Engineering Mathematics-III are to be conducted batchwise. Each class should be divided into three batches for the purpose.
2. The internal assessment of the students for 20 marks will be done based on assignments, surprise tests, quizzes, innovative approach to problem solving and percentage attendance.

The minimum number of assignments should be eight covering all topics.

BTETC302 Electronic Devices and Circuits

4 Credits

Prerequisites: Basic knowledge of Semiconductor Physics.

Course Objectives:

1. To introduce Static characteristics of ideal two terminal and three terminal devices.
2. To introduce semiconductor devices BJT, JFET and MOSFET, their characteristics, operations, circuits and applications.
3. To analyze and interpret BJT, FET and MOSFET circuits for small signal at low and high frequencies.
4. To simulate electronics circuits using computer simulation software and verify desired results.

Course Outcomes:

On completion of the course, students will be able to:

1. Comply and verify parameters after exciting devices by any stated method.
2. Implement circuit and test the performance.

3. Analyze BJT, JFET and MOSFET for various applications.
4. Analyze Feedback amplifiers and oscillators..

UNIT – 1 Bipolar Junction Transistor:

07 Hours

BJT: construction, working, characteristics, Transistor as switch, Transistor configurations, current gain equation, stability factor.

BJT Biasing and basic amplifier configurations: Need for biasing BJT, Transistor biasing methods, Transistor as amplifier , Analysis of Single Stage Amplifier, RC coupled Amplifiers, Effects of bypass and coupling capacitors, Frequency response of CE amplifier, Emitter follower, Cascaded Amplifier, Need for multistage amplifiers and suitability of CE, CC and CB configurations in multistage amplifiers.

UNIT – 2 Junction Field Effect Transistor and MOSFET

07 Hours

JFET: JFET and its characteristics, Pinch off voltage, Drain saturation current, JFET amplifiers, CS,CD,CG amplifiers ,their analysis using small signal JFET model ,Biasing the FET, The FET as VVR.

MOSFET: Overview of DMOSFET, EMOSFET, Power MOSFET, n MOSFET, p - MOSFET and CMOS devices, Handling precautions of CMOS devices, MOSFET as an Amplifier and Switch, Biasing in MOSFET, Small signal operation and models, Single stage MOS amplifier, MOSFET capacitances, CMOS Inverter, Comparison of FET with MOSFET and BJT w.r.t. to device and Circuit parameter.

UNIT – 3 Power amplifiers:

07 Hours

Introduction, classification of power amplifiers -A, B, AB, C and D, transformer coupled class A amplifier, Class B push pull and complementary symmetry amplifier, efficiency, calculation of power output, power dissipation, cross over distortion and its elimination methods, need of heat sink and its design.

UNIT – 4 Feedback amplifiers:

07 Hours

Principle of Negative feedback in electronic circuits, Voltage series, Voltage shunt, Current series, Current shunt types of Negative feedback, Typical transistor circuits effects of Negative feedback on Input and Output impedance, Voltage and Current gains, Bandwidth, Noise and Distortion

UNIT – 5 Oscillators & Voltage Regulator Circuits

07 Hours

Principle of Positive feedback, Concept of Stability in electronics circuits, Barkhausen criteria for oscillation, RC, Clapp, Wien Bridge, Colpitt, Hartley, Tuned LC, UJT, Relaxation Oscillators.

Transistor application: Discrete transistor voltage Regulation, series voltage regulator, shunt voltage regulator.

IC Voltage Regulators: Three terminal voltage regulator, Variable voltage regulator

TEXT/REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. D. A. Neamen, Semiconductor Physics and Devices (IRWIN), Times Mirror High Education Group, Chicago)1997.
2. E.S. Yang, Microelectronic Devices, McGraw Hill, Singapore, 1988.
3. Brijesh Iyer, S. L. Nalbalwar, R. Dudhe, “Electronics Devices & Circuits”, Synergy Knowledge ware Mumbai, 2017.ISBN:9789383352616
4. B.G. Streetman, Solid State Electronic Devices, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi,1995.
5. J. Millman and A. Grabel, Microelectronics, McGraw Hill, International,1987.
6. A.S. Sedra and K.C. Smith, Microelectronic Circuits, Saunder's College Publishing, 1991.
7. R.T. Howe and C.G. Sodini, Microelectronics: An integrated Approach, Prentice Hall International,1997.

BTETC303 Digital Electronics

4 Credits

Course Objectives:

1. To acquaint the students with the fundamental principles of two-valued logic and various devices used to implement logical operations on variables.
2. To lay the foundation for further studies in areas such as communication, VHDL, computer.

Course Outcomes:

On completion of the course, students will be able to:

1. Use the basic logic gates and various reduction techniques of digital logic circuit in detail.
2. Design combinational and sequential circuits.
3. Design and implement hardware circuit to test performance and application.

4. Understand the architecture and use of VHDL for basic operations and Simulate using simulation software.

UNIT – 1 Combinational Logic Design:

07 Hours

Standard representations for logic functions, k map representation of logic functions (SOP and POS forms), minimization of logical functions for min-terms and max-terms (upto 4 variables), don't care conditions, Design Examples: Arithmetic Circuits, BCD - to - 7 segment decoder, Code converters. Adders and their use as subtractor, look ahead carry, ALU, Digital Comparator, Parity generators/checkers, Design of Multiplexers and Demultiplexers, Decoders.

UNIT – 2 Sequential Logic Design:

07 Hours

1 Bit Memory Cell, Clocked SR, JK, MS J-K flip flop, D and T flip-flops. Use of preset and clear terminals, Excitation Table for flip flops and Conversion of flip flops. Application of Flip- flops: Registers, Shift registers, Counters (ring counters, twisted ring counters), Sequence Generators, ripple counters, up/down counters, synchronous counters, definitions of lock out, Clock Skew, and Clock jitter.

UNIT – 3 State Machines:

07 Hours

Basic design steps- State diagram, State table, State reduction, State assignment, Mealy and Moore machines representation, Implementation, finite state machine implementation, Sequence detector.

UNIT – 4 Digital Logic Families:

07 Hours

Classification of logic families, Characteristics of digital ICs-Speed of operation, power dissipation, figure of merit, fan in, fan out, current and voltage parameters, noise immunity, operating temperatures and power supply requirements. TTL logic, Operation of TTL NAND gate, active pull up, wired AND, open collector output, unconnected inputs. Tri-State logic. CMOS logic – CMOS inverter, NAND, NOR gates, unconnected inputs, wired logic, open drain output. Interfacing CMOS and TTL, Comparison table of Characteristics of TTL, CMOS, ECL, RTL, I²L and DCTL

UNIT – 5 Programmable Logic Devices, Semiconductor Memories and Introduction to VHDL:

07Hours

Programmable logic devices: Detail architecture, Study of PROM, PAL, PLA, Designing combinational circuits using PLDs. General Architecture of FPGA and CPLD Semiconductor memories: memory organization and operation, expanding memory size, Classification and characteristics of memories, RAM, ROM, EPROM, EEPROM, NVRAM, SRAM, DRAM. Introduction to VHDL: Behavioral – data flow, and algorithmic and structural description, lexical elements, data objects types, attributes, operators; VHDL coding examples, combinational circuit design examples in VHDL and simulation.

TEXT/REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. R.P. Jain, —Modern digital electronics, 3rd edition, 12th reprint Tata McGraw Hill Publication, 2007.
2. M. Morris Mano, —Digital Logic and Computer Design 4th edition, Prentice Hall of India, 2013.
3. Anand Kumar, —Fundamentals of digital circuits 1st edition, Prentice Hall of India, 2001.
4. Pedroni V.A., “Digital Circuit Design with VHDL”, Prentice Hall India, 2nd 2001 Edition.

BTES304 Electrical Machines and Instruments

4 Credits

Course Objectives:

1. Model and Analyze the performance of different types of DC machines
2. Learn the applications of DC generators
3. Analyze the performance of different types of DC motors
4. Analyze the performance of different types of Sensors and Transducers
5. Familiarize with the applications of DC machines
6. To prepare students to perform the analysis of any electromechanical system.
7. To empower students to understand the working of electrical equipment used in everyday life.

Course Outcomes:

On completion of the course, students will be able to:

1. The ability to formulate and then analyze the working of any electrical machine using mathematical model under loaded and unloaded conditions.
2. The skill to analyze the response of any electrical machine.

3. The ability to troubleshoot the operation of an electrical machine.
4. The ability to select a suitable measuring instrument for a given application.
5. The ability to estimate and correct deviations in measurements due to the influence of the instrument and due to the accuracy of the instrument.

UNIT – 1 DC Machines:

07 Hours

DC machines construction, working principle (motor & generator), EMF equation of DC Machine (motor and generator), Types and its characteristics of DC machines (motor and generator), back emf, starters of dc machine, Speed control of DC motor Breaking of DC motor, applications of DC machines (motor and generator).

UNIT – 2 Induction Motor and Synchronous Motor:

07 Hours

Induction Motor: Construction, working principle, types, torque equation, torque slip characteristics, power stages, losses and efficiency, starters speed control, breaking, applications.

Synchronous motor: Construction, working principle, starting methods, effect of load, hunting, V-curve, synchronous condenser, applications.

UNIT – 3 Special Purpose Machines:

07 Hours

Construction, working and application of stepper motor, variable reluctance motor, servo motor, FHP motor, hysteresis, repulsion, linear IM.

UNIT – 4 Sensors and Transducers:

07 Hours

Classification selection of transducers strain gauges, LVDT, Temperature transducers, piezoelectric, photosensitive transducers, Hall Effect transducers, proximity devices Digital transducers need of signal conditioning and types, interfacing techniques of transducers with microprocessor and controller.

UNIT – 5 Industrial Measurement and Industrial Applications:

07 Hours

Measurement of vibration, electrical telemetry thickness, humidity, thermal conductivity and gas analysis emission computerized tomography, smoke and fire detection, burglar alarm, object counter level measurement, on /off timers, RTC, sound level meter, tachometer, VAW meter, Recorder X- Y plotters and its applications, optical oscillograph.

TEXT/REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. A course in Electrical and Electronic Measurement and Instrumentation" by A. K. Sawhney (Publisher name: Dhanpat Rai&Co.)
2. Electronics Instrumentation by H.S. Kalsi (Publisher McGrawHill)
3. Electrical Machines by Ashfaqu Husain, Dhanpatrai andpublication
4. Instrumentation Devices System edition C. S. Rajan, G. R.sharma
5. AbhijitChakrabarti&SudiptaDebnath, "Electrical Machines", Tata McGraw-hill Publication.
6. William H Hayt, Jack E Kimmerly and Steven M. Durbin, "Engineering Circuit Analysis", Tata McGrawHill.
7. A.E. Fitzgerald, Charles Kingsley & Jr. Stephen D. Umans, "Electrical Machinery", Tata McGraw-hill Publication 6thEdition.
8. I.J Nagarath & D.P Kothari, "Electrical Machines", Tata McGraw-hill Publication 4th Edition.
9. T. J. E. Miller, "Brushless permanent-magnet and reluctance motor drives", Oxford University Press(1989).
10. Ned Mohan, "Electric Machines and Drives": A first course,Wiley.
11. B. L. Theraja, "Electrical technology" volume 2, S.Chand.

BTETC401 Network Theory

4 Credits

Course Objectives:

1. To learn about the basic laws of electric circuits as well as the key fundamentals of the communication channels, namely transmission lines.
2. To understand the need of simplification techniques of complicated circuits
3. To learn about the comprehensive insight into the principle techniques available for characterizing circuits, networks and their implementation in practice.
4. To learn about the use of mathematics, need of different transforms and usefulness of differential equations for analysis of networks.
5. To train the students for handling analog filter design through theory of NA along with practical, this is basic requirement of signal processing field.

Course Outcomes:

On completion of the course, students will be able to:

1. Apply knowledge of mathematics to solve numerical based on network simplification and it will be used to analyze the same.
2. Design passive filters and attenuators theoretically and practically. To apply knowledge for design of active filters as well as digital filters and even extend this to advanced adaptive filters.
3. Identify issues related to transmission of signals, analyze different RLC networks.
4. Find technology recognition for the benefit of the society.

UNIT – 1 Network Theorems:

07 Hours

Basic nodal and mesh analysis, linearity, superposition and source transformation, Thevenin's, Norton's and maximum power transfer theorem and useful circuit analysis techniques, network topology, introduction to SPICE in circuit analysis.

UNIT – 2 Transient Analysis and Frequency Domain Analysis:

07 Hours

Transient Analysis: Source free RL and RC circuits, unit step forcing function, source free parallel and series RLC circuit, complete response of the RLC circuit, lossless LC circuit. Frequency Domain Analysis: The phasor concept, sinusoidal steady state analysis; AC circuit power analysis.

UNIT – 3 Laplace transform and its circuit applications: 07 Hours

Laplace transform, initial and final value theorem, circuit analysis in s domain, frequency response.

UNIT – 4 Two Port Networks: 07 Hours

Two Port Networks: Z, Y, h and ABCD parameters, analysis of interconnected (magnetically coupled) two port, three terminal networks.

UNIT – 5 State Variable Analysis and RL & RC Network Synthesis: 07 Hours

State Variable Analysis: State variables and normal-form equations, matrix-based solution of the circuit equations. RL & RC Network Synthesis: Synthesis of one-port networks, transfer function synthesis, basics of filter design.

TEXT/REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Hayt, Kemmerley and Durbin, “Engineering Circuit Analysis”, 8th 2012 Ed., Tata McGraw-Hill
2. DeCarlo, R.A. and Lin, P.M., “Linear Circuit Analysis: Time Domain, Phasor and Laplace Transform Approaches”, Oxford University Press.2003.
3. M.E. Van Valkenburg, “Network Analysis”, 3rd ed., Pearson2006.
4. M.E. Van Valkenburg, “Network Synthesis,” PHI2007.
5. Kuo, F.F., “Network Analysis and Synthesis”, 2nd Ed., Wiley India.2008.
6. D Roy Choudary, “Network and Systems” 1st edition, New Age International,1988
7. Boylestead, “Introductory Circuit Analysis”, 4th edition, Charles & Merrill,1982.
8. Royal Signal Handbook on Line Communication.

Course Objectives:

1. To understand the mathematical description of continuous and discrete time signals and systems.
2. To classify signals into different categories.
3. To analyze Linear Time Invariant (LTI) systems in time and transform domains.
4. To build basics for understanding of courses such as signal processing, control system and communication.

Course Outcomes:

On completion of the course, students will be able to:

1. Understand mathematical description and representation of continuous and discrete time signals and systems.
2. Develop input output relationship for linear shift invariant system and understand the convolution operator for continuous and discrete time system.
3. Understand and resolve the signals in frequency domain using Fourier series and Fourier transforms.
4. Understand the limitations of Fourier transform and need for Laplace transform and develop the ability to analyze the system in s-domain.

UNIT – 1 Introduction to Signals and Systems:

07 Hours

Introduction and Classification of signals: Definition of signal and systems, Continuous time and discrete time signal, Classification of signals as even, odd, periodic and non-periodic, deterministic and non-deterministic, energy and power, elementary signals used for testing: exponential, sine, impulse, step and its properties, ramp, rectangular, triangular, signum, sinc
Operations on signals: Amplitude scaling, addition, multiplication, differentiation, integration (Accumulator for DT), time scaling, time shifting and time folding, Sampling Theorem and reconstruction of sampled signal, Concept of aliasing, examples on under sampled and over sampled signals.

Systems: Definition, Classification: linear and non-linear, time variant and invariant, causal and non-causal, static and dynamic, stable and unstable, invertible.

UNIT – 2 Time domain representation of LTI System: 07 Hours

System modeling: Input-output relation, definition of impulse response, convolution sum, convolution integral, computation of convolution integral using graphical method, Computation of convolution sum. Properties of convolution, properties of the system based on impulse response, step response in terms of impulse response.

UNIT – 3 Fourier Series: 07 Hours

Fourier series (FS) representation of periodic Continuous Time (CT) signals, Dirichlet condition for existence of Fourier series, FS representation of CT signals using exponential Fourier series, Fourier spectrum representation, properties of Fourier series, Gibbs phenomenon, Discrete Time Fourier Series and its properties.

UNIT – 4 Fourier Transform: 07 Hours

Fourier Transform (FT) representation of aperiodic CT signals, Dirichlet condition for existence of Fourier transform, evaluation of magnitude and phase response, FT of standard CT signals, FT of standard periodic CT signals, Introduction to Fourier Transform of DT signals, Properties of CTFT and DTFT, Fourier Transform of periodic signals. Concept of sampling and reconstruction in frequency domain, sampling of bandpass signals.

UNIT – 5 Laplace and Z-Transform: 07 Hours

Definition of Laplace Transform (LT), Limitations of Fourier transform and need of Laplace transform, ROC and its properties, properties of Laplace transform, Laplace transform evaluation using properties, Inverse Laplace transform based on partial fraction expansion, Application of Laplace transforms to the LTI system analysis.

Introduction to Z-transform, and its properties, Inverse Z-transform, different methods of inverse Z-transform, Z-transform for discrete time system LTI analysis.

TEXT/REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Alan V. Oppenheim, Alan S. Willsky and S. Hamid Nawab, "Signals and Systems", PHI
2. Dr. S. L. Nalbalwar, A.M. Kulkarni and S.P. Sheth, "Signals and Systems", 2nd Edition, Synergy Knowledgeware, 2017
3. Simon Haykins and Barry Van Veen, "Signals and Systems", 2nd Edition, Wiley India.
4. Shaila Apte, "Signals and Systems-principles and applications", Cambridge University press, 2016.

5. Mrinal Mandal and Amir Asif, Continuous and Discrete Time Signals and Systems, Cambridge University Press, 2007.
6. Peyton Peebles, "Probability, Random Variable, Random Processes", 4th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill.
7. A. NagoorKanni "Signals and Systems", 2nd edition, McGrawHill.
8. NPTEL video lectures on Signals and Systems.
9. Roberts, M.J., "Fundamentals of Signals & Systems", Tata McGraw Hill. 2007.
10. Ziemer, R.E., Tranter, W.H. and Fannin, D.R., "Signals and Systems: Continuous and Discrete", 4th 2001 Ed., Pearson Education.

BTHM403 Basic Human Rights

3 Credits

Course Objectives:

1. To train the young minds facing the challenges of the pluralistic society and the rising conflicts and tensions in the name of particularistic loyalties to caste, religion, region and culture.
2. To give knowledge of the major "signposts" in the historical development of human rights, the range of contemporary declarations, conventions, and covenants.
3. To enable them to understand the basic concepts of human rights (including also discrimination, equality, etc.), the relationship between individual, group, and national rights.
4. To develop sympathy in their minds for those who are denied rights.
5. To make the students aware of their rights as well as duties to the nation

Course Outcomes:

- Students will be able to understand the history of human rights.
- Students will learn to respect others caste, religion, region and culture.
- Students will be aware of their rights as Indian citizen.
- Students will be able to understand the importance of groups and communities in the society.
- Students will be able to realize the philosophical and cultural basis and historical perspectives of human rights.

UNIT – 1

The Basic Concepts: - Individual, group, civil society, state, equality, justice. Human Values, Human rights and Human Duties: - Origin, Contribution of American bill of rights, French revolution. Declaration of independence, Rights of citizen, Rights of working and exploited people

UNIT – 2

Fundamental rights and economic programme. Society, religion, culture, and their inter relationship. Impact of social structure on human behavior, Social Structure and Social Problems: - Social and communal conflicts and social harmony, rural poverty, unemployment, bonded labor.

UNIT – 3

Migrant workers and human rights violations, human rights of mentally and physically challenged. State, Individual liberty, Freedom and democracy. NGOs and human rights in India: - Land, Water, Forest issues.

UNIT – 4

Human rights in Indian constitution and law:-

i) The constitution of India: Preamble ii) Fundamental rights. iii) Directive principles of state policy. iv) Fundamental duties. v) Some other provisions.

UNIT – 5

Universal declaration of human rights and provisions of India. Constitution and law. National human rights commission and state human rights commission.

Reference books:

Shastry, T. S. N., *India and Human rights: Reflections*, Concept Publishing Company India (P Ltd.), 2005

Nirmal, C.J., *Human Rights in India: Historical, Social and Political Perspectives(Law in India)*, Oxford India

Course Objectives:

1. To develop basic of probability and random variables.
2. The primary objective of this course is to provide mathematical background and sufficient experience so that the student can read, write, and understand sentences in the language of probability theory, as well as solve probabilistic problems in engineering and applied science.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course students will demonstrate the ability to

1. Understand representation of random signals
2. Investigate characteristics of random processes
3. Make use of theorems related to random signals
4. To understand propagation of random signals in LTI systems.

UNIT – 1 Introduction to Probability:

07 Hours

Definitions, scope and history; limitation of classical and relative-frequency-based definitions, Sets, fields, sample space and events; axiomatic definition of probability, Combinatorics: Probability on finite sample spaces, Joint and conditional probabilities, independence, total probability; Bayes' rule and applications

UNIT – 2 Random variables:

07 Hours

Definition of random variables, continuous and discrete random variables, cumulative distribution function (cdf) for discrete and continuous random variables; probability density functions (pdf) and properties, Jointly distributed random variables, conditional and joint density and distribution functions, Function of one random variable, pdf of the function of one random variable; Function of two random variables; Sum of two independent random variables, Expectation: mean, variance and moments of a random variable, conditional expectation; covariance and correlation; independent,

UNIT – 3 Random vector and distributions:

07 Hours

Random vector: mean vector, covariance matrix and properties, Some special distributions: Uniform, Gaussian and Rayleigh distributions; Binomial, and Poisson distributions; Multivariate Gaussian distribution, Vector-space representation of random variables, linear

independence, inner product, Schwarz Inequality, Moment-generating functions, Bounds and approximations: Tchebysheff inequality and Chernoff Bound

UNIT – 4 Sequence of random variables

07 Hours

Almost sure convergence and strong law of large numbers; convergence in mean square sense with examples from parameter estimation; convergence in probability with examples; convergence in distribution, Central limit theorem and its significance.

UNIT – 5 Random process:

07 Hours

Random process: Probabilistic structure of a random process; mean, autocorrelation and auto-covariance functions, Stationarity: strict-sense stationary (SSS) and wide-sense stationary (WSS) processes, Autocorrelation function of a real WSS process and its properties, cross-correlation function, Ergodicity and its importance, Power spectral density, properties of power spectral density, cross-power spectral density and properties; auto-correlation function and power spectral density of a WSS random sequence, examples with white-noise as input; Examples of random processes: white noise process and white noise sequence; Gaussian process; Poisson process, Markov Process.

TEXT/REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. T. Veerajan, "Probability, Statistics and Random Processes", Third Edition, McGraw Hill.
2. Probability and Random Processes by Geoffrey Grimmett, David Stirzaker
3. Probability, random processes, and estimation theory for engineers by Henry Stark, John William Woods.
4. H. Stark and J. Woods, "Probability and Random Processes with Applications to Signal Processing," Third Edition, Pearson Education
5. A. Papoulis and S. Unnikrishnan Pillai, "Probability, Random Variables and Stochastic Processes," Fourth Edition, McGraw Hill.
6. K. L. Chung, Introduction to Probability Theory with Stochastic Processes, Springer International
7. P. G. Hoel, S. C. Port and C. J. Stone, Introduction to Probability, UBS Publishers.
8. P. G. Hoel, S. C. Port and C. J. Stone, Introduction to Stochastic Processes, UBS Publishers
9. S. Ross, Introduction to Stochastic Models, Harcourt Asia, Academic Press.

BTETPE405A Numerical Methods and Computer Programming 4 Credits

Course Objectives:

1. To prepare students for successful career in industries, for Post Graduate programmes and to work in research institutes.
2. To understand different numerical techniques used for solving algebraic and transcendental equations.
3. To understand numerical methods to solve a system of linear equations.
4. To understand numerical integration and differentiation techniques.
5. To understand various difference operators and interpolation techniques.
6. To understand object-oriented programming fundamentals and features.
7. To mold students professionally by course contents and sufficient problem solving and programming exercises and to acquaint them with different types of numerical techniques and programming concepts.

Course Outcomes:

On completion of the course, students will be able to:

1. Able to solve algebraic and transcendental equations by using numerical techniques and will be able to compare different numerical techniques used for this purpose and also will be able to choose a proper one as per the requirement of the problem.
2. Able to solve a system of linear equations with any number of variables using different direct and iterative numerical techniques.
3. Understand the concept of interpolation, finite difference operators and their relations, and can apply different interpolation techniques on equi-spaced or non equi-spaced data values.
4. Prepare them to write computer programs for the numerical computational techniques.
5. Understand application of the NMCP course in many engineering core subjects like signal processing, digital communication, numerical techniques in electromagnetics etc.
6. Understand procedure-oriented and object-oriented programming concepts.
7. Capable of writing C and C++ programs efficiently.

UNIT – 1 Introduction to Computational Methods and Errors:

07 Hours

Computational Methods: General principles of computational techniques, Introduction, common ideas and concepts of computational methods, various computational techniques.

Errors: Types and sources of errors, Concept in error estimation, Error propagation, Error due to floating point, Representation of errors, Elementary uses of series in calculation of errors.

UNIT – 2 Solution of Transcendental / Polynomial Equations and System of Linear Equation: 07Hours

Solution of Transcendental / Polynomial Equations: Finding root of polynomial equations deploying computational methods such as Bisection, Regula-falsi, Newton-Raphson, Secant, Successive approximation. System of linear equation: Solving linear equations deploying computational methods such as Gauss elimination, Gauss Jordan, Partial pivoting, Matrix triangularisation (LU decomposition), Cholesky, Gauss Seidel and Jacobi methods.

UNIT – 3 Interpolation and Polynomial Approximation: 07 Hours

Least square approximation, Orthogonal polynomials Chebyshev polynomials, Finite difference operator and their relations, Forward, backward, central and divided difference, Newton's forward divided difference, Backward difference interpolation, Sterling interpolation, Lagrange's interpolation polynomials, Spline interpolation, Least square approximation.

UNIT – 4 Numerical Integration and Differentiation: 07 Hours

Numerical Integration: Methods based on interpolation such as Trapezoidal rule, Simsons 1/3 and 3/8 rules. Numerical differentiation: Euler's method, Modified Euler's method, Taylor's series, RungeKutta 2nd and 4th order, Stability analysis of above methods.

UNIT – 5 Object Oriented Programming: 07 Hours

Software Evaluation, Object oriented programming paradigm, Basic concepts of object oriented programming, Benefits of OOP, Object oriented languages, Applications of OOP
Beginning with C++: Structure of C++ program, Creating the source file, Compiling & linking, Basic data types, User defined data types, Symbolic constants, Declaration of variables, Dynamic initialization of variables, Reference variables, Operators in C++, Scope resolution operator, Type cast operator. Functions in C++: Function prototyping, Inline functions, Function overloading, Friend and virtual functions. Classes and Objects: Specifying a class, Defining member functions, C++ program with class, Arrays within a class, Memory allocation for objects, Constructors, Multiple constructor in class, Dynamic initialization of objects, Dynamic constructor, Destructors.

TEXT/REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. S. S. Sastry, "Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis", PHI, 1990, 3rdedition.
2. V. Rajaraman, "Computer Oriented Numerical Methods, PHI, New Delhi", 2000, 3rdEdition.
3. E. V. Krishnamurthy, and Sen S. K., "Numerical Algorithm: Computations in Science and Engg", Affiliated East West, New Delhi,1996.
4. D. Ravichandran, "Programming with C++",TMH
5. E. Balagurusamy, "Object-Oriented Programming with C++", TMH, New Delhi, 2001,2ndEdition
6. YeshwantKanetkar, "Let us C++, BPB Pub.", Delhi, 2002,4thEdition.
7. StroustrupBjarne, "C++ Programming Language", Addison Wesley, 1997, 3rdEdition.
8. Horton, "Beginning C++: The Complete Language", Shroff Pub., Navi Mumbai,1998.

BTETPE405B Data Compression & Encryption

4 Credits

Course Objectives:

1. The concept of security, types of attack experienced.
2. Encryption and authentication for deal with attacks, what is data compression, need and techniques of data compression.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course

1. The student will have the knowledge of Plaintext, cipher text, RSA and other cryptographic algorithm.
2. The student will have the knowledge of Key Distribution, Communication Model, Various models for data compression.

UNIT – 1 Data Compression and Encryption:

07 Hours

Need for data compression, Lossy /lossless compression, symmetrical compression and compression ratio, run length encoding for text and image compression, relative encoding and its applications in facsimile data compression and telemetry, scalar and quantization.

UNIT – 2 Statistical Methods and Dictionary Methods: 07 Hours

Statistical Methods: Statistical modeling of information source, coding redundancy, variable size codes, prefix codes, Shannon- Fano coding, Huffman coding, adaptive Huffman coding, arithmetic coding and adaptive arithmetic coding, text compression using PPM method.

Dictionary Methods: String compression, sliding window compression, LZ77, LZ78 and LZW algorithms and applications in text compression, zip and Gzip, ARC and Redundancy code.

UNIT – 3 Image Compression: 07 Hours

Lossless techniques of image compression, gray codes, two-dimensional image transform, Discrete cosine transform and its application in lossy image compression, quantization, Zig-Zag coding sequences, JPEG and JPEG-LS compression standards, pulse code modulation and differential pulse code modulation methods of image compression, video compression and MPEG industry standard.

UNIT – 4 Audio Compression: 07 Hours

Digital audio, lossy sound compression, M-law and A-law companding, DPCM and ADPCM audio compression, MPEG audio standard, frequency domain coding, format of compressed data.

UNIT – 5 Conventional Encryption: 07 Hours

Security of information, security attacks, classical techniques, caesar Cipher, block cipher principles, data encryption standard, key generation for DES, block cipher principle, design and modes of operation, S-box design, triple DES with two three keys, introduction to international data encryption algorithm, key distribution.

TEXT/REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Data compression- David Solomon Springer Verlag publication.
2. Cryptography and network security- William Stallings Pearson Education Asia Publication.
3. Introduction to data compression-Khalid Sayood Morgan kaufmann publication.
4. The data compression book- Mark Nelson BPB publication.
5. Applied cryptography-Bruce Schneier, John Wiley and sons Inc., publications.

BTETPE405C Computer Organization and Architecture

4 Credits

Prerequisites: Digital Electronic Circuits.

Course Objectives:

1. To introduce basic concepts of computer organization and to illustrate the computer organization concepts by Assembly Language programming.
2. To understand operating systems and how they work with the computer and students will understand the relationship between hardware and software specifically how machine organization impacts the efficiency of applications written in a high-level language.
3. Students will be able to make use of the binary number system to translate values between the binary and decimal number systems, to perform basic arithmetic operations and to construct machine code instructions and students will be able to design and implement solutions for basic programs using assembly language.
4. Students will be able to design logical expressions and corresponding integrated logic circuits for a variety of problems including the basic components of a CPU such as adders, multiplexers, the ALU, a register file, and memory cells and to explain the fetch-execute cycle performed by the CPU and how the various components of the data path are used in this process.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course students will demonstrate the ability to

1. learn how computers work
2. know basic principles of computer's working
3. analyze the performance of computers
4. know how computers are designed and built.

UNIT – 1 Overview of computer organization:

07 Hours

Overview of computer organization – components and system buses; Concepts of assembly and machine language programs. Machine language program execution – instruction cycles, machine cycles and bus cycles. Overview of memory and I/O addressing; CPU organization – components and subsystems, register banks, internal bus structure, information flow;

UNIT – 2 Instruction set:

07 Hours

Instruction set – characteristics and functions, types of operation and operands. Addressing modes – various ways of addressing memory and input-output devices and their timing characteristics;

UNIT – 3 CISC and RISC architectures:

07 Hours

CISC and RISC architectures – examples; ALU – flags, logical operations, fixed point number representations and arithmetic, floating point number representations and arithmetic, exceptions. Control Unit – how it operates, hardwired control unit, concepts of micro programs and micro programmed control unit;

UNIT –4 Memory:

07 Hours

Memory hierarchy – main memory – types and interfacing; Cache memory – its organizations and operations, levels of caches; Memory management module – paging and segmentation, virtual memory; Disk memory, RAIDs. Back-up memory.

UNIT – 5 Interrupts and interrupt structures and DMA controller:

07 Hours

Interrupts and interrupt structures – interrupt cycles, handling multiple simultaneous interrupts, programmable interrupt controllers; I/O interfacing and modes of I/O data transfer. Direct memory access – DMA controller; Instruction level parallelism – instruction pipelining, pipeline hazards; Concepts of multiprocessor systems; Examples will be drawn from real life RISC and CISC processors.

TEXT/REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Carl Hamacher, Zvonko Vranesic and Safwat Zaky, “Computer Organization,” McGraw Hill, 2011.
2. D A Patterson and J L Hennessy, “Computer Architecture – A Quantitative Approach,” Morgan Kaufmann, 2011.
3. W Stallings, “Computer Organization and Architecture – Designing for Performance,” Pearson, 2013.
4. J. P. Hayes, “Computer Architecture and Organization,” McGraw-Hill, 1998.
5. D A Patterson and J L Hennessy, “Computer Organization and Design – The Hardware/Software Interface,” ARM Edition, Morgan Kaufmann, 2012.
6. S. Tannenbaum, “Structured Computer Organization,” 3rd Ed., Prentice Hall, 2013.

7. Mano, M.M., “Computer System Architecture” 3rd Ed., Prentice-Hall of 2004India.

BTETPE405D Introduction to MEMS

4 Credits

Course Objectives:

1. The objective of this course is to make students to gain basic knowledge on overview of MEMS (Micro electro Mechanical System) and various fabrication techniques.
2. This enables them to design, analysis, fabrication and testing the MEMS based components and to introduce the students various opportunities in the emerging field of MEMS.
3. This will enable student to study applications of micro-sensors and micro-actuators, various MEMS fabrication technologies, MEMS-specific design issues and constraints, Dynamics and modeling of microsystems, getting access to fabrication and testing in academia and industry.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course the students will be able to

1. Appreciate the underlying working principles of MEMS and NEMS devices.
2. Design and model MEM devices.

UNIT – 1 Introduction to MEMS:

07 Hours

Introduction, History, Concepts of MEMS: Principles, application and design, Scaling Properties/Issues, Micromachining Processes: Substrates, lithography, wet/dry etching processes, deposition processes, film stress, exotic processes. Mechanical Transducers: transduction methods, accelerometers, gyroscopes, pressure sensors, MEMS microphones, mechanical structures, actuators.

UNIT – 2 Control and Materials of MEMS:

07 Hours

Controls of MEMS: Analog control of MEMS, Sliding mode control of MEMS, Digital control of MEMS, Materials for MEMS: Substrate and wafers, Active substrate material, silicon, Silicon compound, Silicon pezo-resistors, Gallium arsenide, Quartz, piezoelectric crystals, Polymers.

UNIT – 3 Review of Basic MEMS fabrication modules: 07 Hours

MEMS fabrication modules, Oxidation, Deposition Techniques, Lithography (LIGA), and Etching.

UNIT –4 Micromachining: 07 Hours

Micromachining, Surface Micromachining, sacrificial layer processes, Stiction; Bulk Micromachining, Isotropic Etching and Anisotropic Etching, Wafer Bonding

UNIT – 5 Mechanics of solids in MEMS/NEMS: 07 Hours

Mechanics of solids in MEMS/NEMS: Stresses, Strain, Hookes's law, Poisson effect, Linear Thermal Expansion, Bending, Energy methods. Overview of Finite Element Method, Modeling of Coupled Electromechanical Systems.

TEXT/REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. G. K. Ananthasuresh, K. J. Vinoy, S. Gopalkrishnan K. N. Bhat, V. K. Aatre, Micro and Smart Systems, Wiley India, 2012.
2. S. E. Lyshevski, Nano-and Micro-Electromechanical systems: Fundamentals of Nano-and Microengineering (Vol. 8). CRC press, (2005).
3. S. D. Senturia, Microsystem Design, Kluwer Academic Publishers, 2001.
4. M. Madou, Fundamentals of Microfabrication, CRC Press, 1997.
5. G. Kovacs, Micromachined Transducers Sourcebook, McGraw-Hill, Boston, 1998.
6. M.H. Bao, Micromechanical Transducers: Pressure sensors, accelerometers, and Gyroscopes, Elsevier, New York, 2000.

BTETPE405E Python Programming

4 Credits

Course Objectives:

1. Provide an understanding of the role computation can play in solving problems.
2. Help students, including those who do not plan to major in Computer Science and Electrical Engineering, feel confident of their ability to write small programs that allow them to accomplish useful goals.
3. Position students so that they can compete for research projects and excel in subjects with programming components.

Course Outcomes:

1. Experience with an interpreted Language.
2. To build software for real needs
3. Prior Introduction to testing software

UNIT –1Introduction:

07 Hours

History of Python, Need of Python Programming, Applications Basics of Python Programming Using the REPL(Shell), Running Python Scripts, Variables, Assignment, Keywords, Input-Output, Indentation.

UNIT – 2 Types, Operators and Expressions:

07 Hours

Types – Integers, Strings, Booleans; **Operators-** Arithmetic Operators, Comparison (Relational) Operators, Assignment Operators, Logical Operators, Bitwise Operators, Membership Operators, Identity Operators, Expressions and order of evaluations Control Flow- if, if-elif-else, for, while break, continue, pass.

Data Structures Lists – Operations, Slicing, Methods; Tuples, Sets, Dictionaries, Sequences, Comprehensions

UNIT – 3 Default Arguments:

07 Hours

Default Arguments, Variable-length arguments, Anonymous Functions, Fruitful Functions (Function Returning Values), Scope of the Variables in a Function- Global and Local Variables. Modules: Creating modules, import statement, from. Import statement, name spacing, Python packages, Introduction to PIP, Installing Packages via PIP, Using Python Packages.

UNIT – 4 Object-Oriented Programming OOP in Python:

07 Hours

Classes, „self-variable“, Methods, Constructor Method, Inheritance, Overriding Methods, Data hiding, Error, and Exceptions: Difference between an error and Exception, Handling Exception, try except for block, Raising Exceptions, User Defined Exceptions.

UNIT – 5 Brief Tour of the Standard Library:

07 Hours

Operating System Interface – String Pattern Matching, Mathematics, Internet Access, Dates and Times, Data Compression, Multithreading, GUI Programming, Turtle Graphics Testing:

DR. BABASAHEB AMBEDKAR TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY,

Why testing is required? Basic concepts of testing, Unit testing in Python, Writing Test cases, Running Tests.

TEXT/REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Python Programming: A Modern Approach, Vamsi Kurama, Pearson
2. Learning Python, Mark Lutz, Orielly
3. Think Python, Allen Downey, Green Tea Press
4. Core Python Programming, W. Chun, Pearson
5. Introduction to Python, Kenneth A. Lambert, Cengage

COURSE CURRICULUM MAPPING WITH MOOC PLATFORM NPTEL

Sr. No	SEMESTER	COURSE CODE	NAME OF SUBJECT AS PER CURRICULUM	SWAYAM / NPTEL COURSE	NAME OF THE INSTITUTE OFFERING COURSE	RELEVANCE %	DURATION OF COURSE
1	SEM-III	BTBS301	Engineering Mathematics – III	Differential equations for engineers	IIT Madras	80%	12 WEEK
2		BTETC302	Electronic Devices & Circuits	Fundamentals of semiconductor devices	IISc Bangalore	80%	12 WEEK
3		BTETC303	Digital Electronics	Digital Circuits	IIT Madras	60%	14 WEEK
4		BTES304	Electrical Machines and Instruments	Electrical Machines - I	IIT Kharagpur	70%	12 WEEK
5	SEM-IV	BTETC401	Network Theory	Network Analysis	IIT Kharagpur.	80%	12 WEEK
6		BTETC402	Signals and Systems	Signals and Systems	IIT Bombay	90%	11 WEEK
7		BTHM403	Basic Human Rights	Human Rights, International Law and International Humanitarian Law	O.P. Jindal Global University	80%	08 WEEK
8		BTBS404	Probability Theory and Random Processes	Probability and Random rocesses(Video)	IIT Kharagpur.	90%	12 WEEK
9		BTETPE405A	(A) Numerical Methods and Computer Programming	Numerical Methods and Computations	IIT Delhi	60%	12 WEEK
		BTETPE405B	(B) Data Compression & Encryption	Multimedia Processing (Web)	IIT Kharagpur.	90%	09 WEEK
		BTETPE405C	(C) Computer Organization and Architecture	Computer Arcitecture and Organization	IIT Kharagpur.	80%	09 WEEK
		BTETPE405D	(D) Introduction to MEMS	MEMs and Microsystems	IIT Kharagpur.	90%	9 WEEK
		BTETPE405E	(E) Python Programming	Programming, Data Structures and Algorithms using Python	IIT Madras	40%	8 WEEK

